



**Exercises**  
**Distributed Systemes: Part 2**  
**Summer Term 2013**  
 21.6.2013

**1. Exercise sheet: Refresh Concurrency Control and Recovery**

**Exercise 1**

Consider the following schedules.

$S_1$ :  $R_3X R_2Y W_2Y R_1Y W_1Y R_2X W_2X R_1X W_1X W_3Z$ .

$S_2$ :  $R_3X R_2Y W_2Y R_1Y W_1Y R_2X W_2X R_1X W_1X W_3Y$ .

$S_3$ :  $R_1Y W_1Y R_2Y W_2Y R_2X W_2X R_3Z W_3X R_1X W_1X$ .

For each schedule give its conflict graph. Which schedules are serializable, which are not?

**Exercise 2**

Assume on a database three transactions are being executed.

- a) The transactions are of the form:
- |       |   |      |      |
|-------|---|------|------|
| $T_1$ | : | $RA$ | $WA$ |
| $T_2$ | : | $RA$ | $WA$ |
| $T_3$ | : | $RA$ | $WA$ |

- (i) How many serial schedules do exist for  $T_1, T_2, T_3$ ? Give the reasons!
- (ii) How many serializable schedules do exist for  $T_1, T_2, T_3$ , which are not serial ones? Give the reasons!

- b) The transactions are of the form:
- |       |   |      |      |
|-------|---|------|------|
| $T_1$ | : | $RA$ | $WC$ |
| $T_2$ | : | $RB$ | $WA$ |
| $T_3$ | : | $RC$ | $WD$ |

- (i) How many schedules do exist for  $T_1, T_2, T_3$ , which are not serializable? Give the reasons!
- (ii) Applying 2-phase-locking, is it possible that all serializable schedules of  $T_1, T_2, T_3$  may occur? Give the reasons!

**Exercise 3**

(a) Give an example of three transactions, which obey 2PL and have the following properties: (i) When being executed a deadlock may occur. (ii) For each pair of the three transactions and for any execution of such a pair, no deadlock can occur.

(b) Make suggestions for deadlock-free variants of the 2PL-protocol.

**Exercise 4**

Consider the following schedule.

$T_1$	LA	RA	WA										System- failure
$T_2$			LB	RB			LD	RD	WB		CO	UD, B	
$T_3$									LC	RC			WC

Assume that actions  $W_1A, W_2B$  are not materialized in the database, however action  $W_3C$  is.

- (a) Give the state of the database, the systembuffer and the log file when the system failure occurs.
- (b) Describe the operations done when executing the restart algorithm and give the resulting state of the database.